



Introduction to EPRI's Regional Economy, Greenhouse Gas, and Energy (REGEN) Model

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Overview

The U.S. Regional Economy, Greenhouse Gas, and Energy (US-REGEN) model is an energy-economy model developed and maintained by EPRI. The model links a detailed electric sector capacity planning and fuels supply model with representations of demand in buildings, transport, and industry. US-REGEN provides a customizable platform for policy analysis, technology assessment, and strategy that is informed by decades of EPRI research on energy modeling and technology analysis. This report provides a high-level introduction to the model and complements the detailed model documentation, peer-reviewed journal articles, and EPRI reports, which are available at <https://esca.epri.com/>.

Slides prepared by:

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Additional Resources

Electric Sector



- Investment and dispatch
- Transmission and interchange
- Integration of renewables
- Electrification
- Energy and capacity requirements
- Regional policies and constraints

Energy Use



- Climate zones
- Building types
- Household characteristics
- Industrial mix
- End-use technology detail

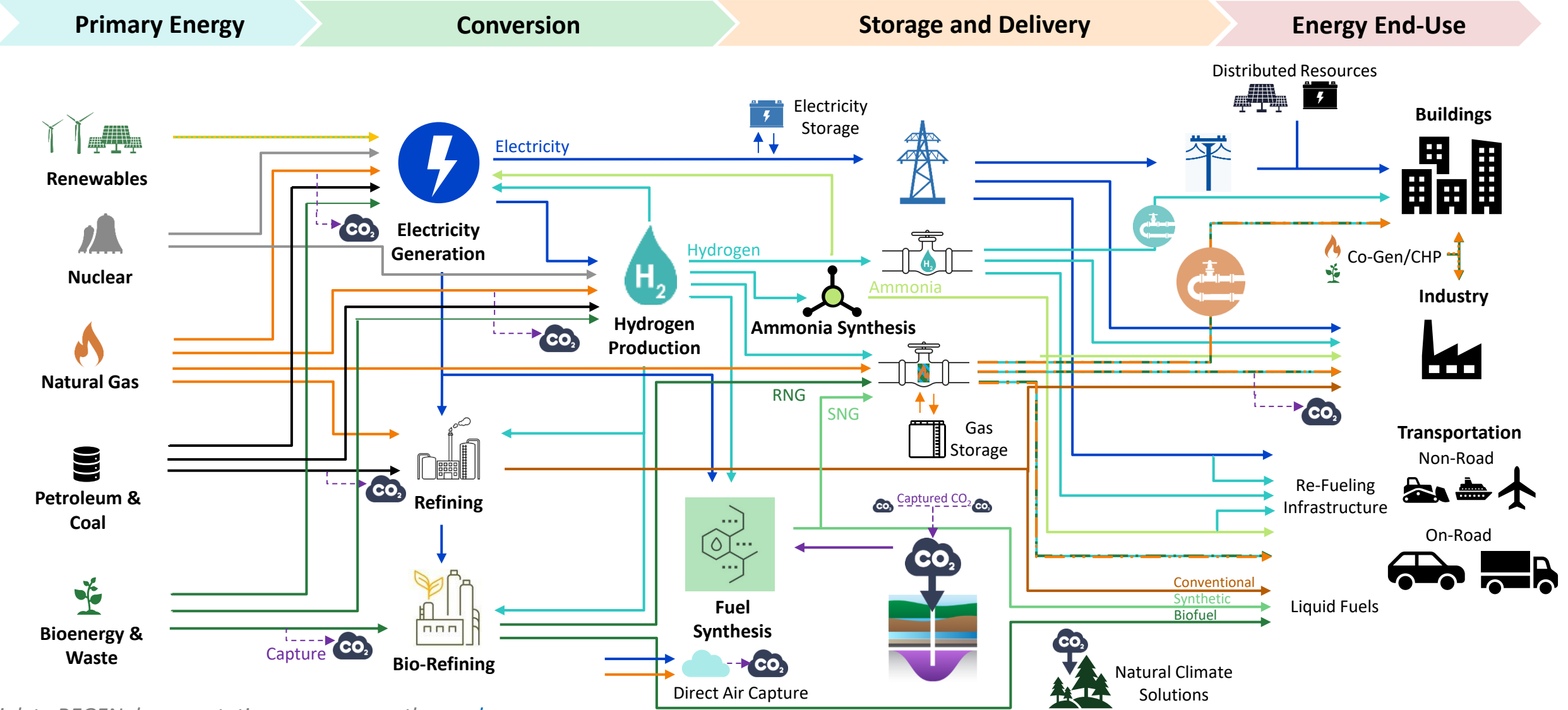
Fuel Supply/Conversion



- Hydrogen, ammonia, biofuels, synthetic fuels production and conversion
- Pipeline investment and operation

Documentation, articles, and reports available at <https://esca.epri.com>

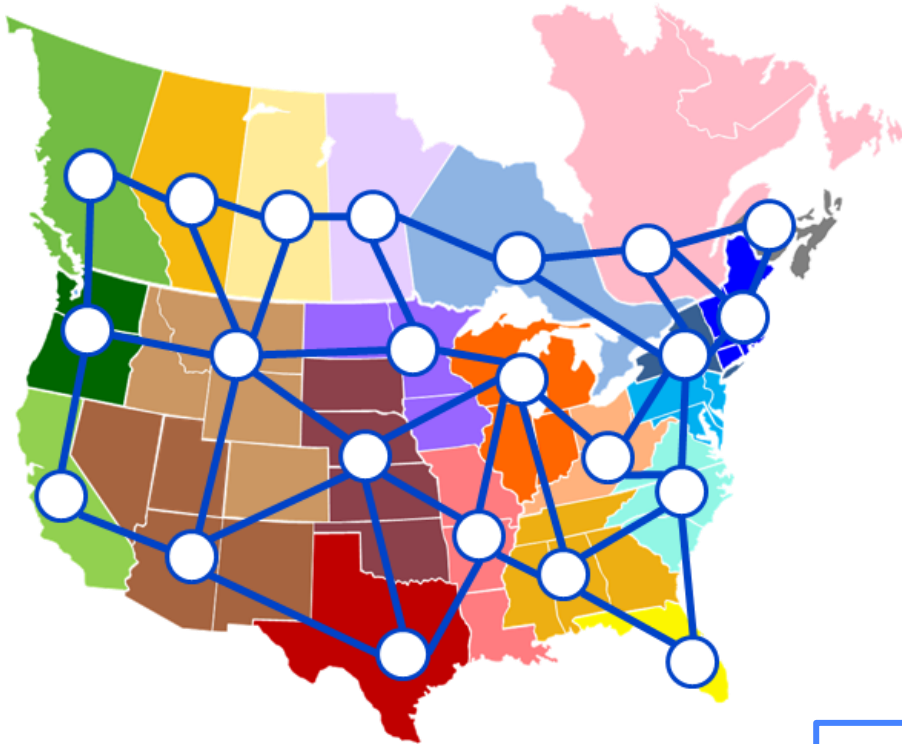
Economy-Wide Low-Carbon Energy Pathways



Link to REGEN documentation on energy pathways [here](#)

REGEN Combines National Coverage with Sub-National Detail

Example Regional Disaggregation from North American REGEN



Identify differences in regional resources (renewables, CO₂ storage, geothermal, etc.) and in projected energy demands

Understand existing ability to move energy between regions; co-optimize new inter-regional energy transfer capacity with energy production investments

Some REGEN versions offer ability to customize regions; zoom in on an area of interest while maintaining national coverage

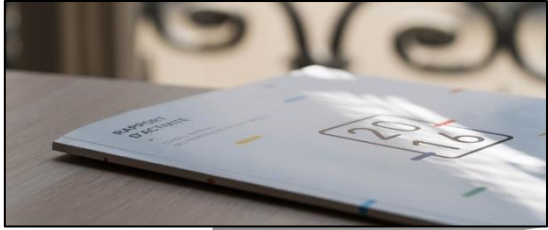
Allows users to see and compare output data and insights by region

REGEN Designed to Assess Deep System Changes



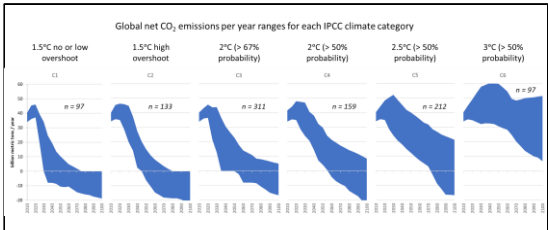
Economy-Wide Technological Pathways to Deep Decarbonization

Understand technology pathways from the existing fleet to a future low-carbon fleet, while continuing to meet growing load in every hour.



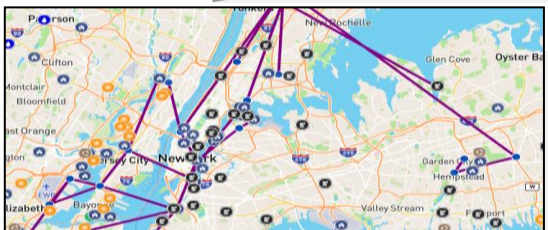
Climate and Energy Policies and Regulations

Analyze the impacts and unexpected outcomes of potential climate and energy policies and regulations, both electric sector and economy-wide.



Climate-Related Risk Assessment

Assist companies to evaluate climate-related risks from the transition to a low-carbon fleet to support their disclosure and target-setting strategies.



Scenario Design to Inform Resource Planning

Identify drivers of change beyond the boundaries of capacity expansion planning tools, including economy-wide policies and load changes, inter-regional trade, etc.

REGEN Representation of the Electric Sector



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REGEN Electric Sector Overview

Long Horizon Capacity Expansion Model with Regional Detail



Generation Capacity

Existing fleet and new investments to capture transition dynamics. Strong focus on low-carbon and emerging technologies not typically found in commercial planning models, with costs and performance based on EPRI expertise.



Energy Storage

Short-, medium-, and long-duration energy storage technologies included with hourly charging/discharging and option to track arbitrage, capacity, and ancillary services.



Inter-Regional Transmission

Endogenous representation of new inter-regional transmission capacity and hourly flows, all co-optimized with generation and energy storage investment and dispatch.



Regional and National Climate Policies

Large menu of climate policy and regulatory formulations, including policies that interact with other sectors, and coverage of existing policies and incentives, including state-based emissions policies, standards, and mandates.



Link to REGEN documentation on the electric sector model [here](#)

Electric Sector Investment Options in REGEN

Variable Renewable Technologies

- Solar PV
- Onshore Wind
- Offshore Wind *Fixed Platform, Floating*

Energy Storage Technologies

- Li Ion Battery
- CAES/LAES
- H₂/Electrolysis
- Emerging Storage *User Specified*

Pumped Hydro *Existing capacity endowment, no expansion*

Dispatchable Generation Technologies

- GT/RICE
- NGCC
- NGCC+CCS *90-98% capture; 90% retrofit option for existing units*
- Coal+CCS *90-95% capture; 90% retrofit option for existing units*
- Bio+CCS
- Nuclear *Gen IV, SMR*
- Geothermal *Enhanced geothermal forthcoming*

Hydro *Existing capacity endowment, no expansion*



New Inter-Regional Transmission

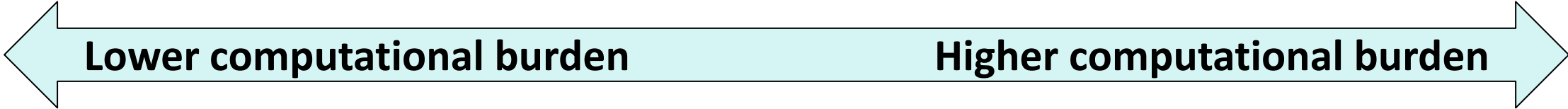
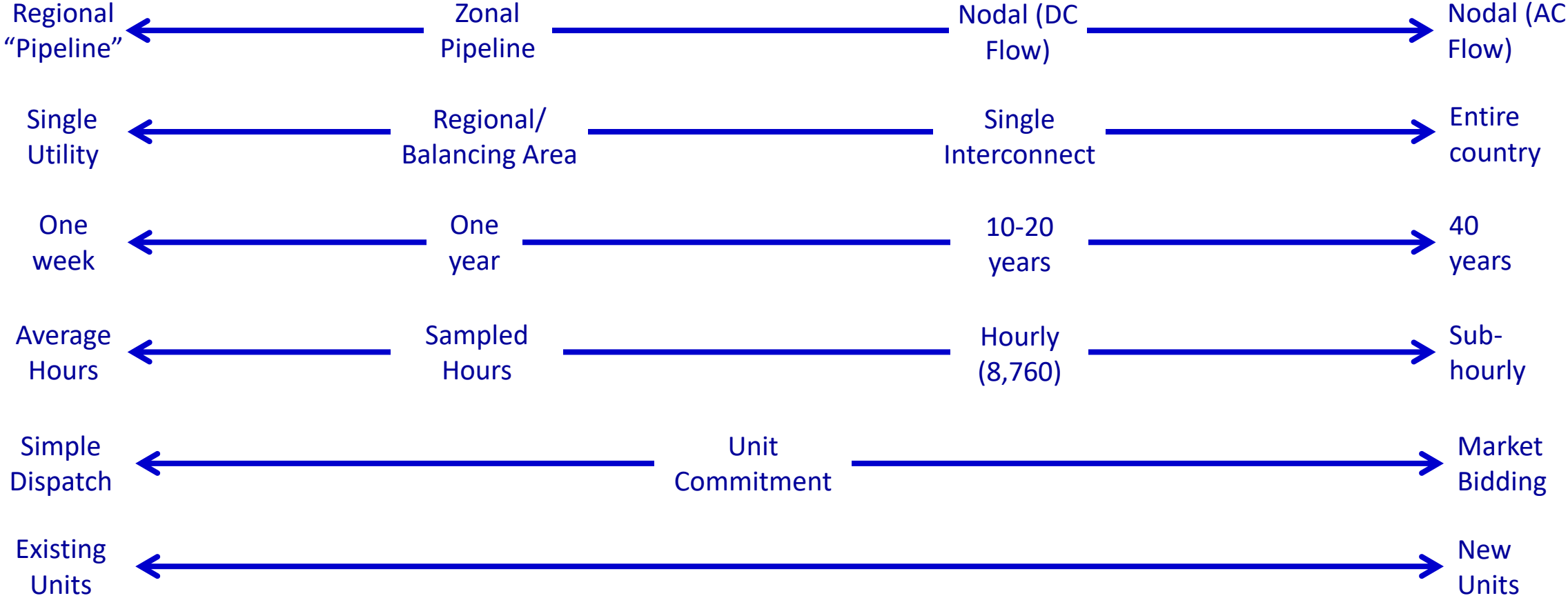


Other Technology Options Available in Selected Versions of REGEN

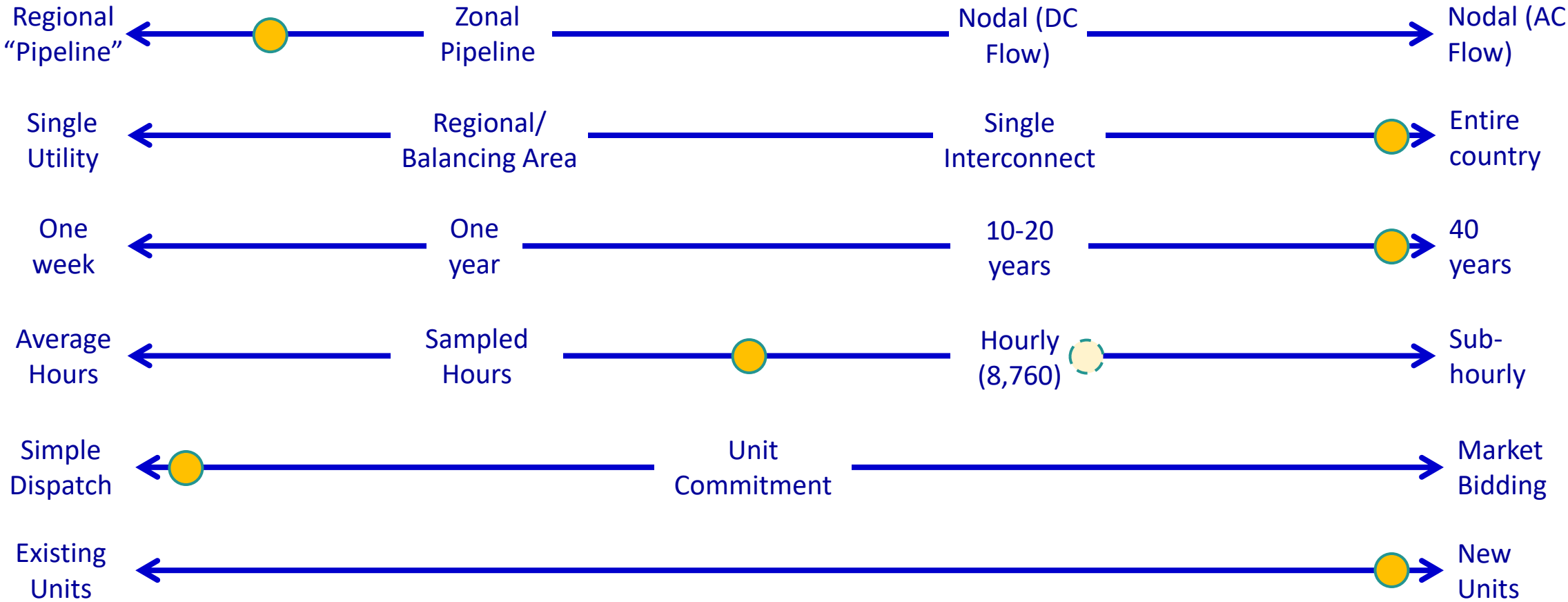
- Cofiring existing coal with biomass or ammonia
- Converting existing coal to NG or bio
- Cofiring existing NG units with H₂
- Biomass-fired (no CCS)
- Coal SCPC or IPCC (no CCS)
- Solar CSP with thermal storage
- Multi-fuel units

Link to REGEN documentation on generation options [here](#)

Key Computational Tradeoffs in Capacity Expansion Models

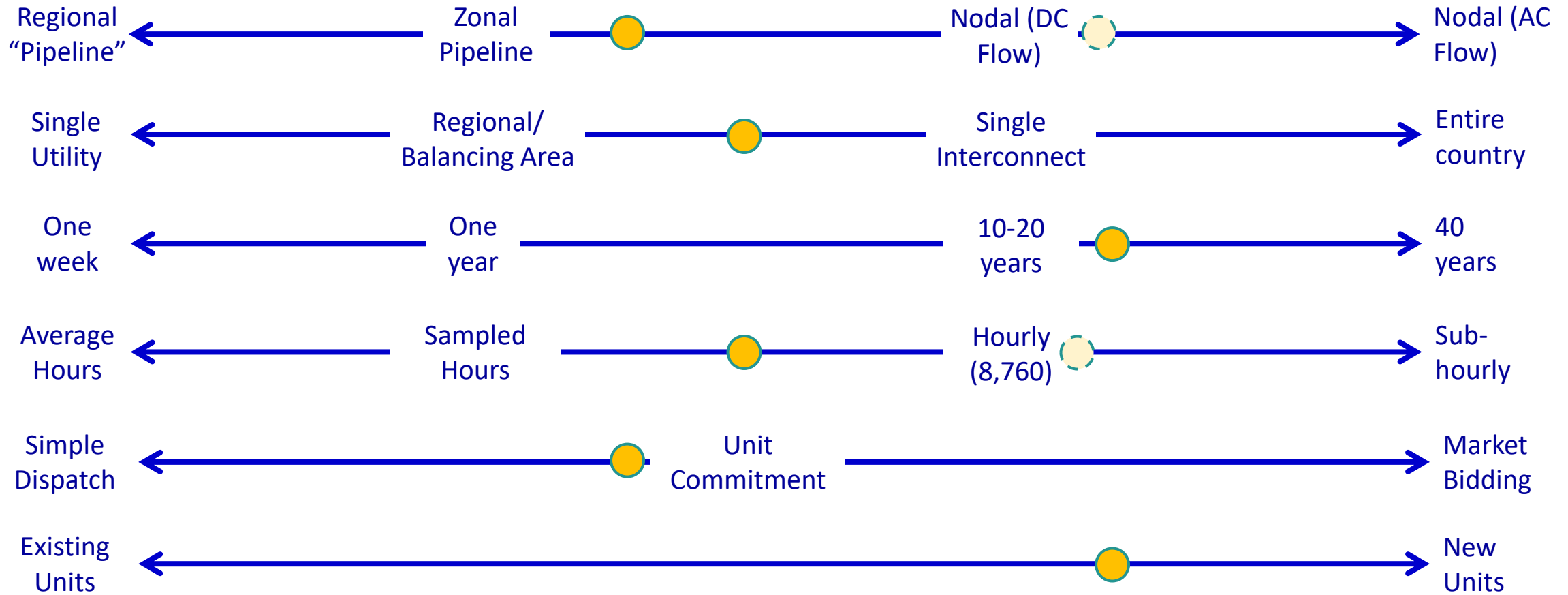


REGEN Electric Sector Capacity Expansion Model



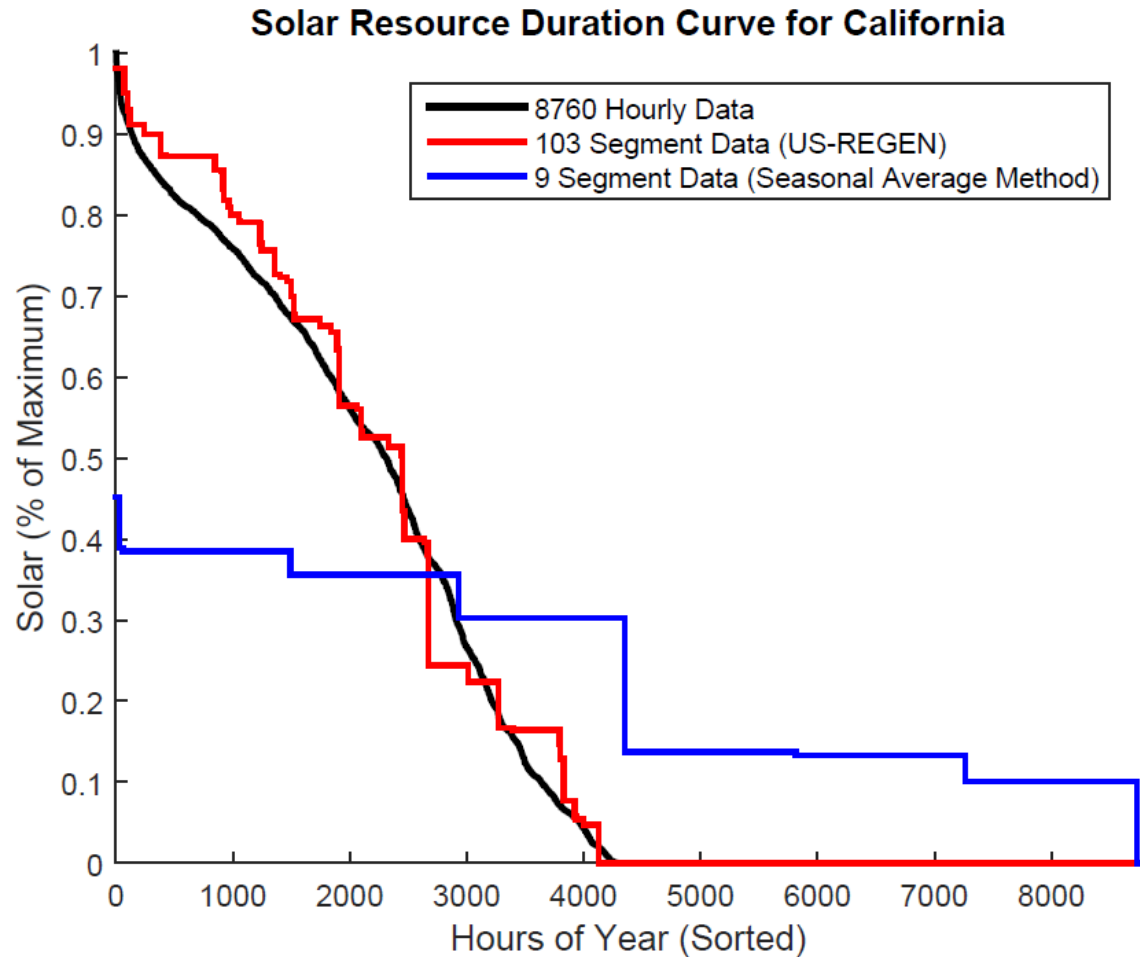
Best for exploring long-run system change

Typical Commercial Capacity Expansion Model



Best for evaluating investment needs for a given region assuming limited trade

REGEN Strength: Representation of Variable Renewables



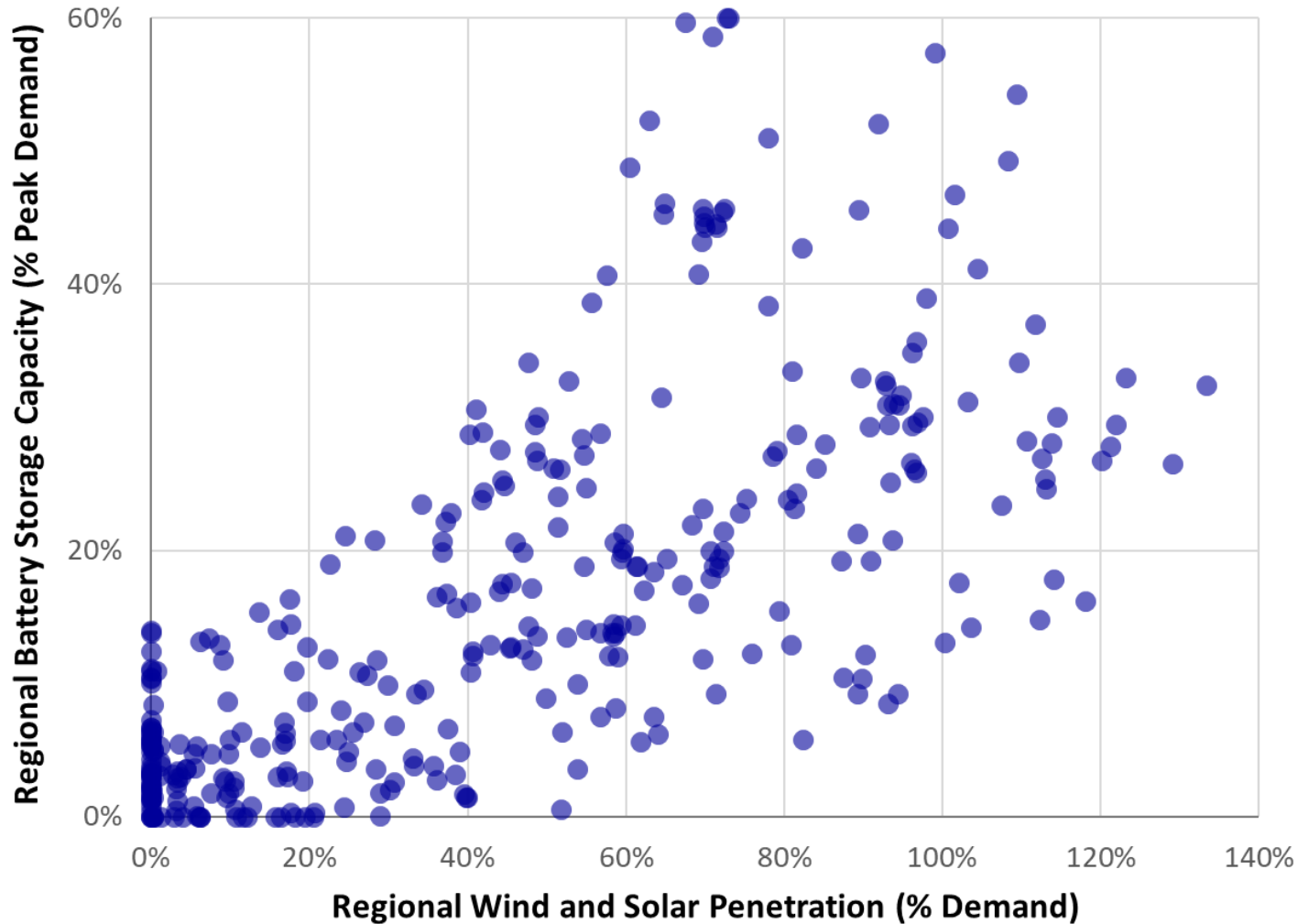
- US-REGEN employs an innovative “representative hour” selection algorithm to capture hourly wind, load, and solar shapes
- Captures hourly correlations in long time horizon models better than other approaches (e.g., Seasonal Average Method)

Source: Blanford, et al. (2018), “[Simulating Annual Variation in Load, Wind, and Solar by Representative Hour Selection](#)” (*The Energy Journal*)

Representing spatial and temporal variability are important for assessing system-dependent value

Link to REGEN documentation on hour selection approach [here](#)

REGEN Strength: Representation of Energy Storage



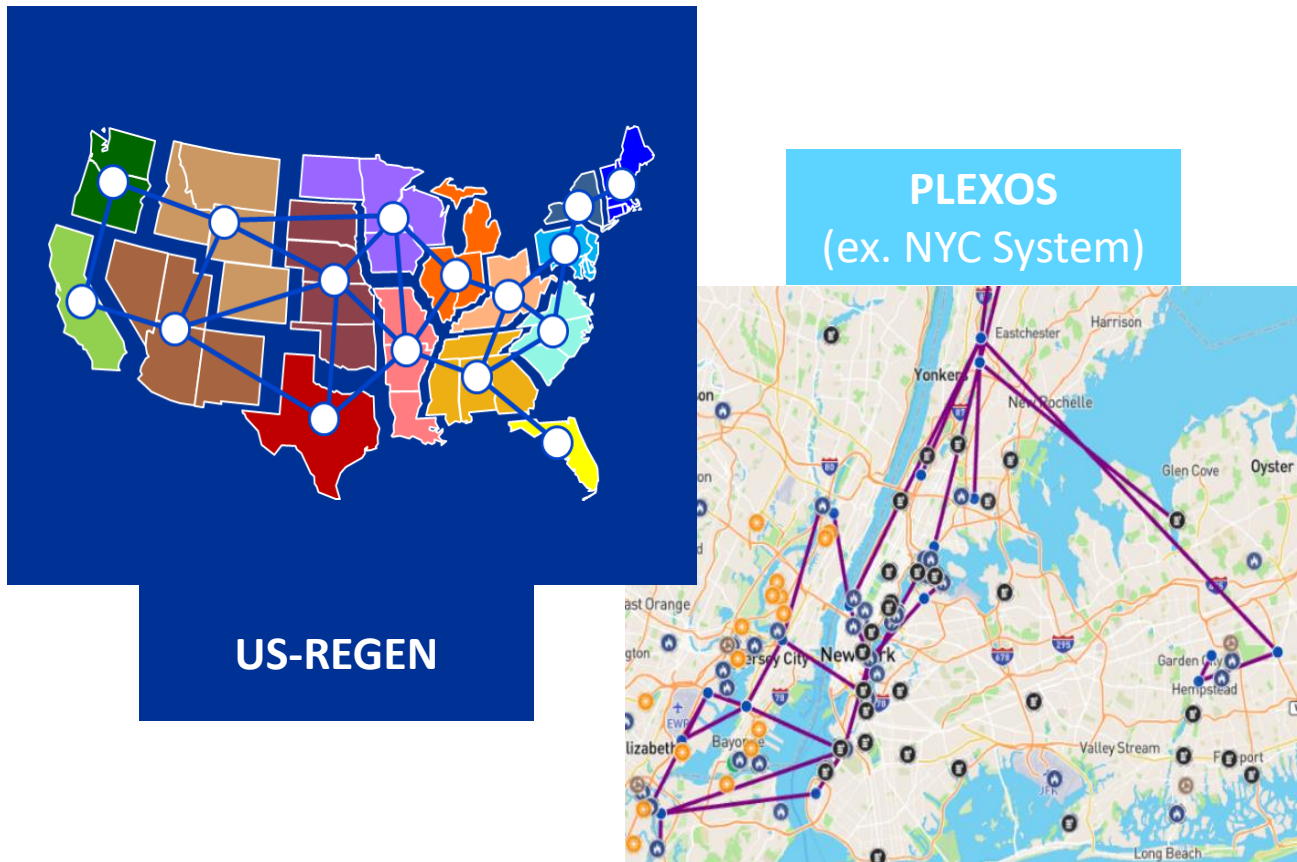
- Hourly resolution and chronology are important for capturing energy storage value
- Use 8,760 hours with single year investment and dispatch
- Storage valuation varies by region and assumptions about future technologies, markets, and policies (figure shows sensitivities on renewable costs, gas prices, CO₂ policy)

Source: Bistline and Young (2019), "[Economic Drivers of Wind and Solar Penetration in the U.S.](#)" (*Environmental Research Letters*)

REGEN can accurately represent the economics of charging/discharging with hourly resolution

Link to REGEN documentation on energy storage [here](#)

REGEN Strength: Automated Link to PLEXOS



Source: de Mello, et al. (2023), [“Linking Capacity Expansion, Resource Adequacy, and Production Cost Modeling Tools for Integrated Strategic System Planning”](#) (EPRI, ID 3002028534)

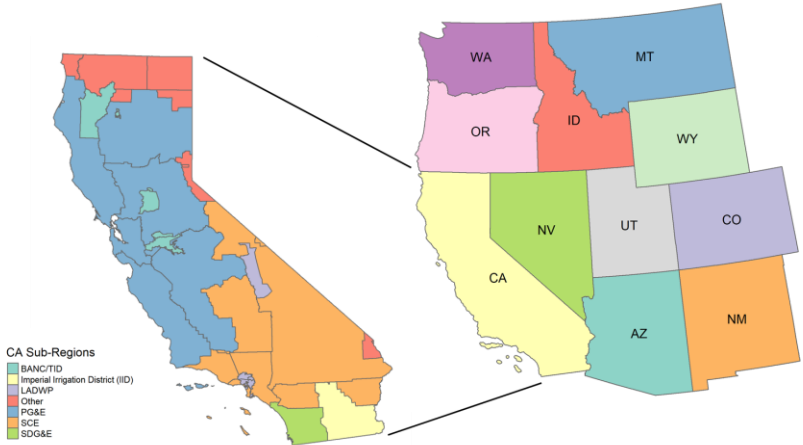
- EPRI’s Integrated Strategic System Planning (ISSP) Initiative created the machinery to **automatically move input and output data from REGEN to PLEXOS**
- Allows for coordinated planning from long run scenario analysis (REGEN) through nodal, unit-level capacity expansion, resource adequacy, and production cost modeling, **using a consistent set of assumptions and data** across all tools
- REGEN provides a customized “starting point,” informing optimal candidate generation resources, inter-regional transmission needs, and long-term load projections for the specific region of study

REGEN scenario analysis can support resource planning accounting for economy-wide interactions and risks

Use Case: Reliability of California SB100 Clean Electricity Rule

Scenario analysis of SB100 and decarbonization in California linked to reliability and resource adequacy analysis

CA-REGEN



- Integration of variable renewables
- Zonal transmission and interchange
- Regional policies and constraints
- Range of low and zero-carbon technologies
- Investment and dispatch



CA-PLEXOS Sub-State Level Expansion



- Individual electric generating units
- Localized load
- Nodal transmission and power flows
- Investment and dispatch
- Reliability assessments and mitigation opportunities

Modeling deployed for California Energy Commission report due Q4 2025

REGEN Representation of Energy Use



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REGEN Energy Use Modeling

Long Horizon 8,760 Hourly Customer Choice Model with Regional Detail



Buildings

Representation of existing building stock, current appliance use, and load-shapes. Representation of future temperature at an hourly basis, which drives heating/cooling demand, and emerging technologies (i.e., high efficiency heat pumps).



Transportation

Representation of light-, medium-, and heavy-duty vehicles, shipping, aircraft, rail. Representation of miles traveled, vehicle sub-classes, emerging technologies (e.g., hydrogen-fueled trucks).



Industry

Representation of industrial activities (e.g., process heat, machine drive) and off-road vehicles, excluding energy production and conversion processes captured by the fuels model. Some sub-sector detail for cement, iron, and steel as well as a detailed representation of steam demand by temperature requirements across all manufacturing.



Distributed Generation Model

Representation of residential and commercial rooftop solar adoption decisions based on retail electricity prices.



REGEN Energy Use Level of Detail by Sector



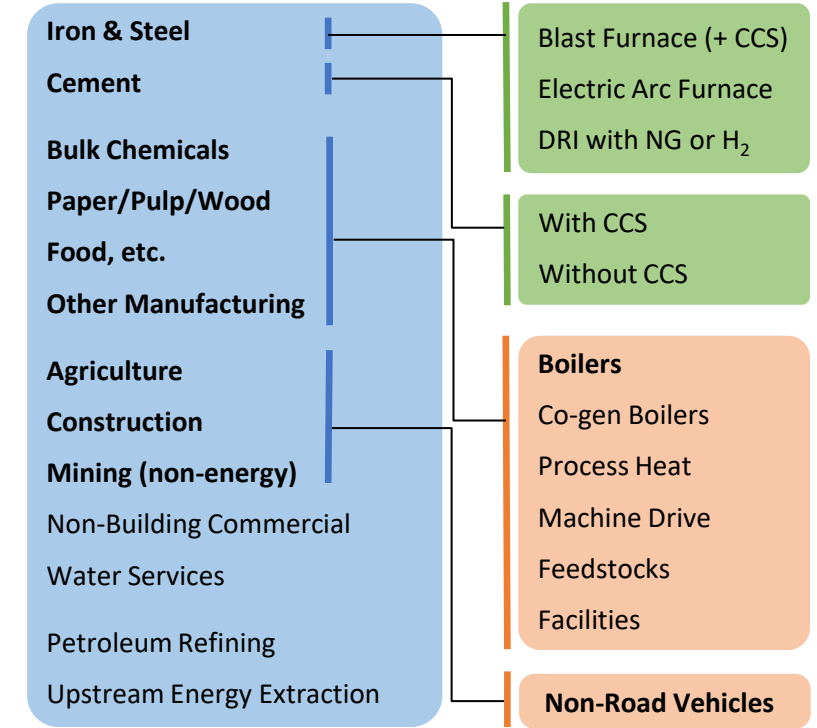
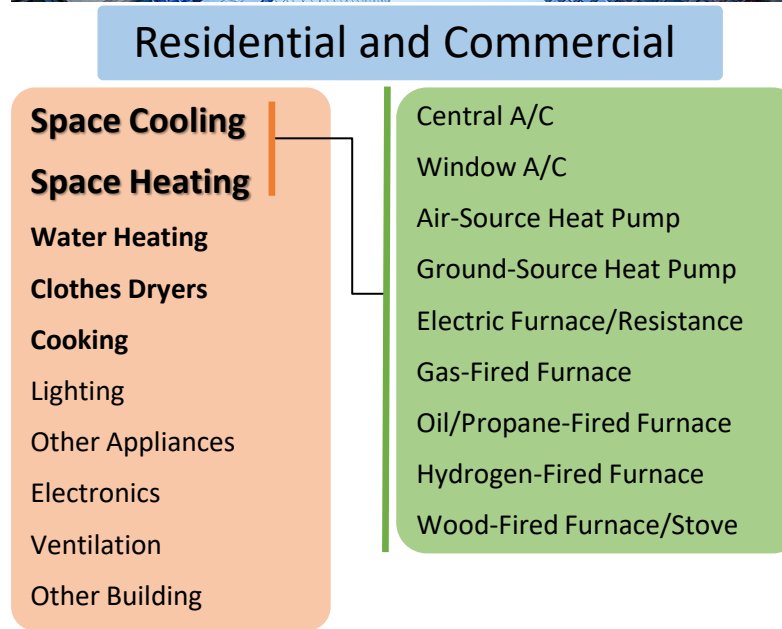
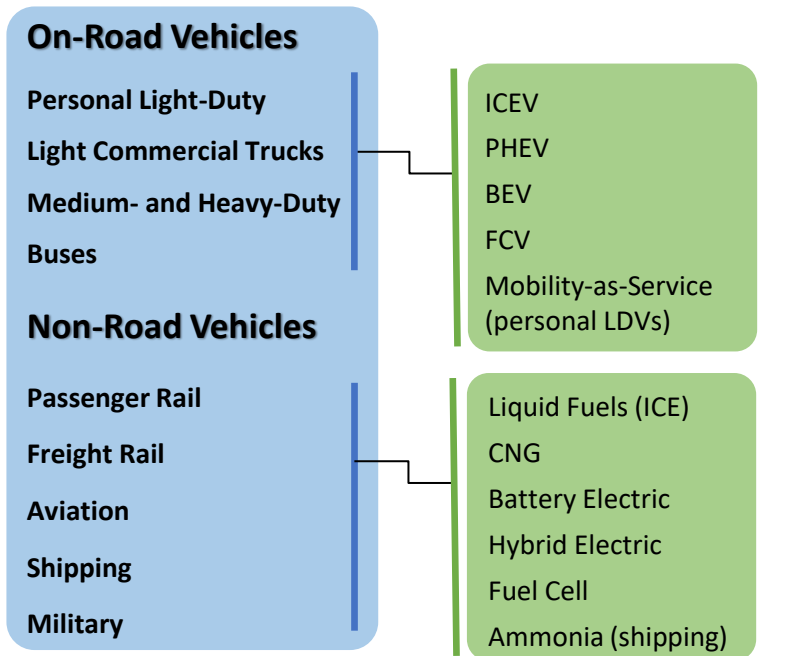
Transportation



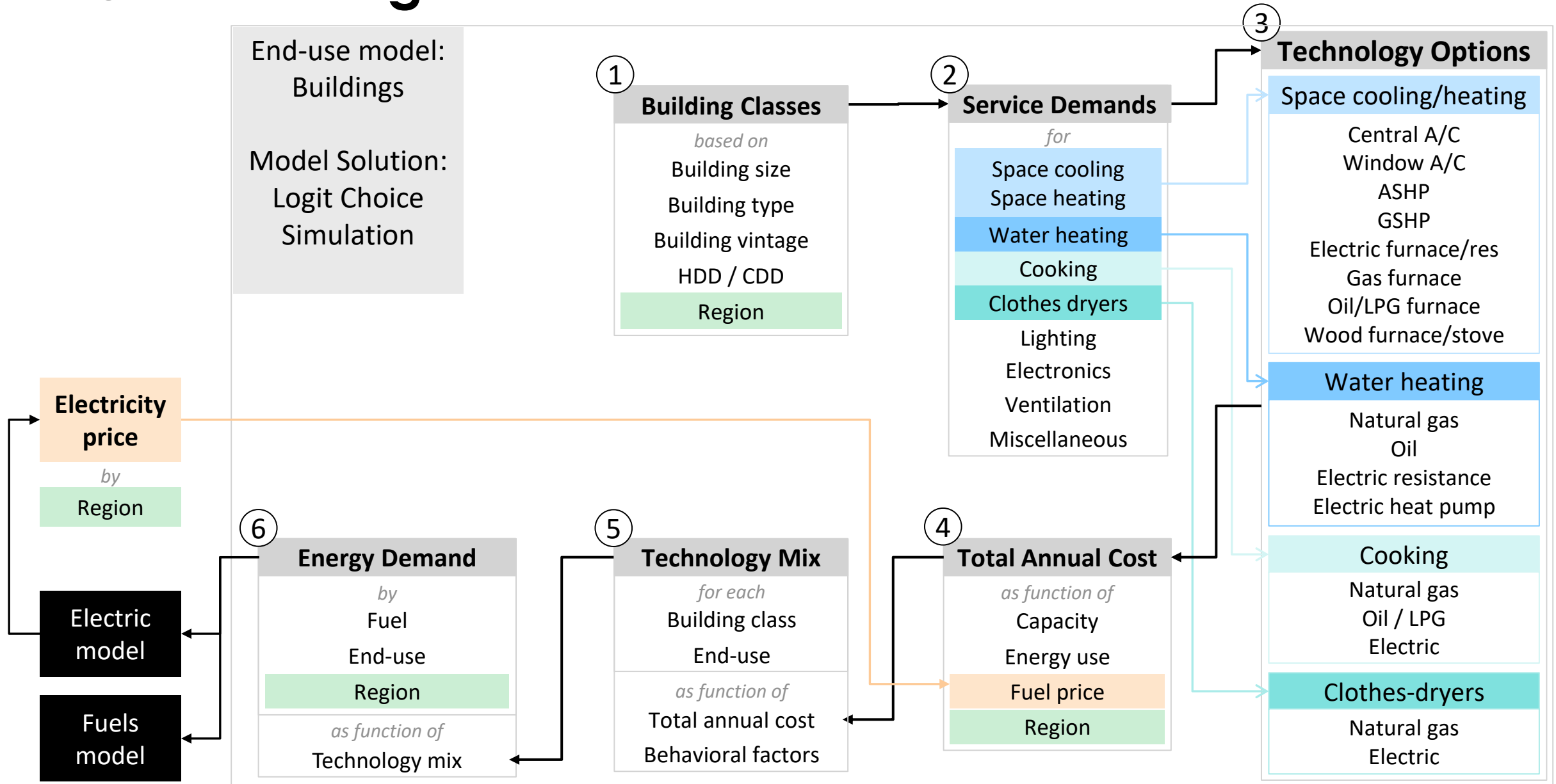
Buildings



Industry

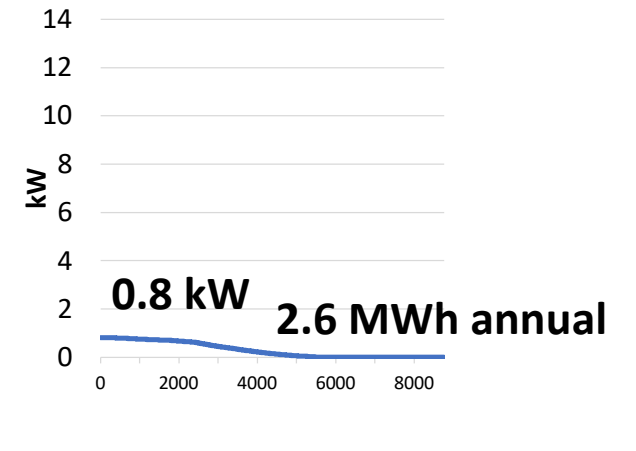
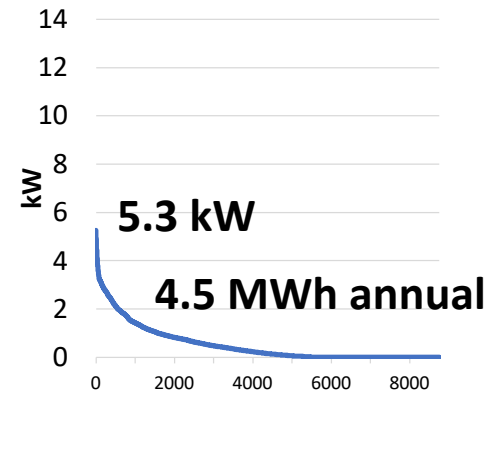
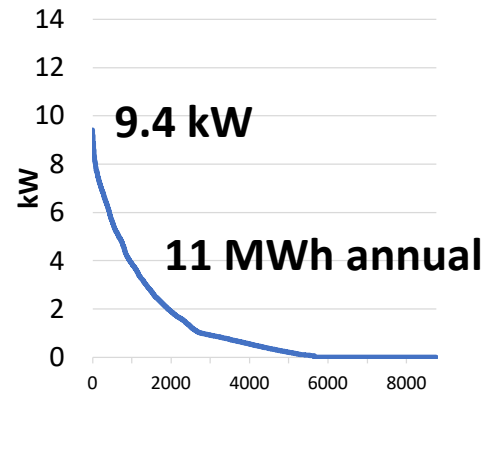
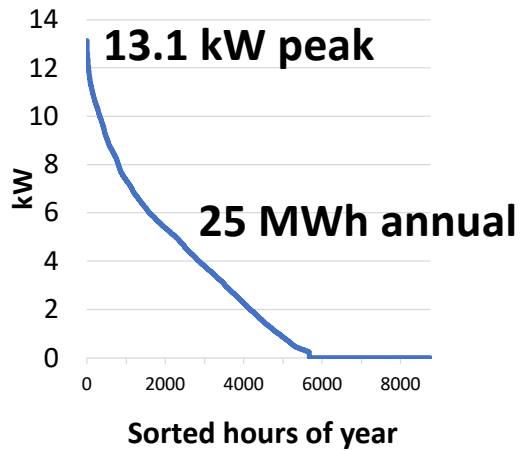


REGEN Buildings Model

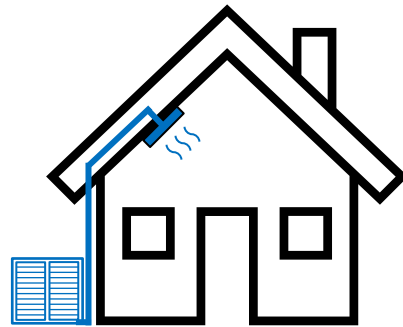


Space Heating Load Shape Examples

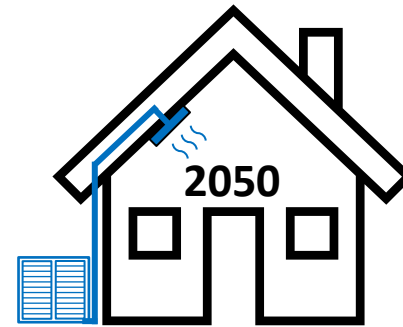
Sorted annual (diversified) load for representative house, a 3,000 sq. ft. single-family home in central Michigan



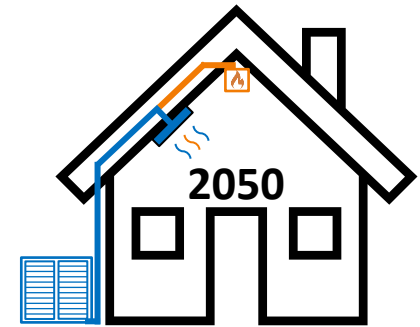
Older home with electric resistance heating



Current new home with current (single speed) air-source heat pump



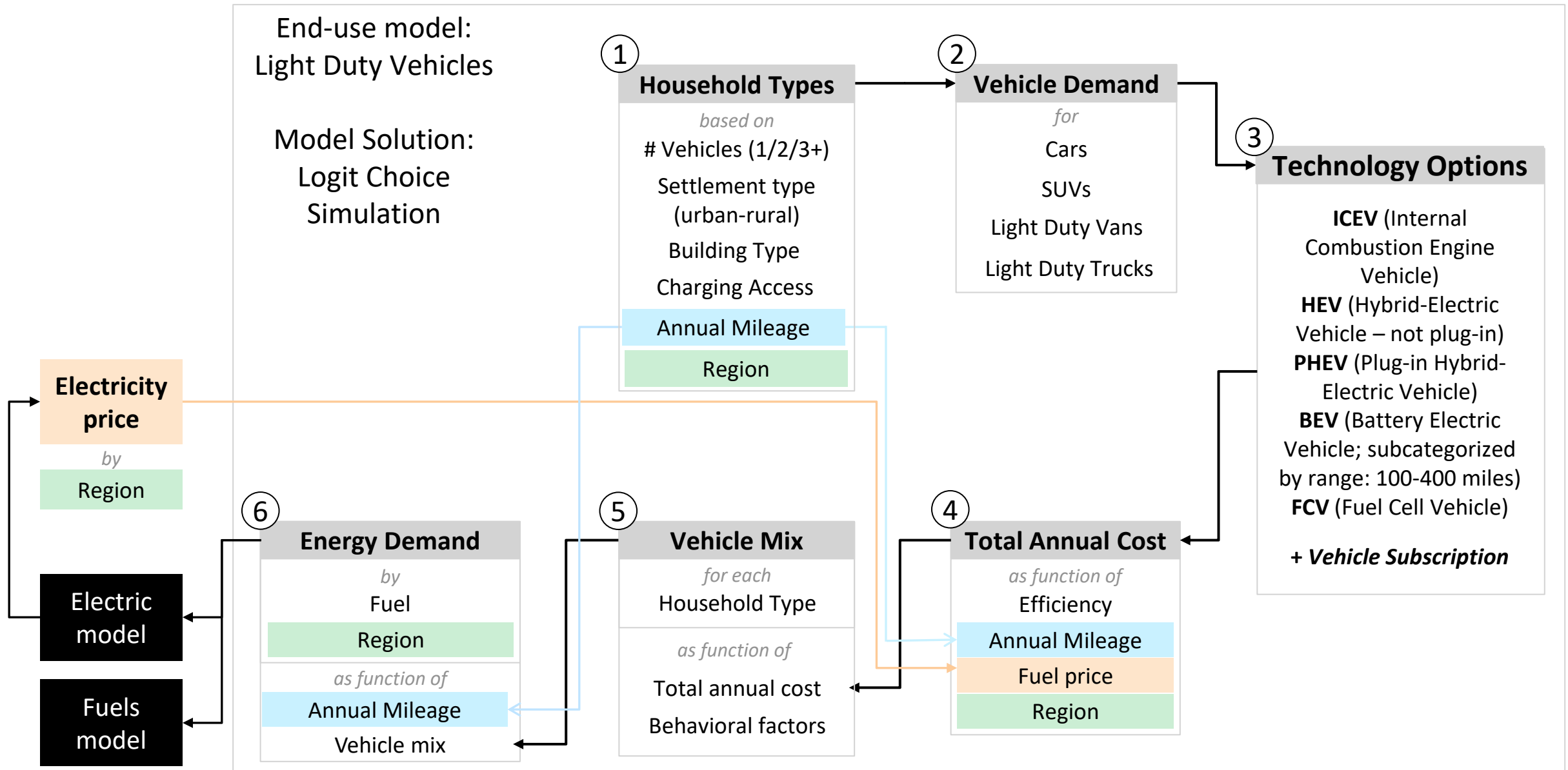
Future new home with future variable speed air-source heat pump



Future new home with future heat pump + hybrid gas back-up

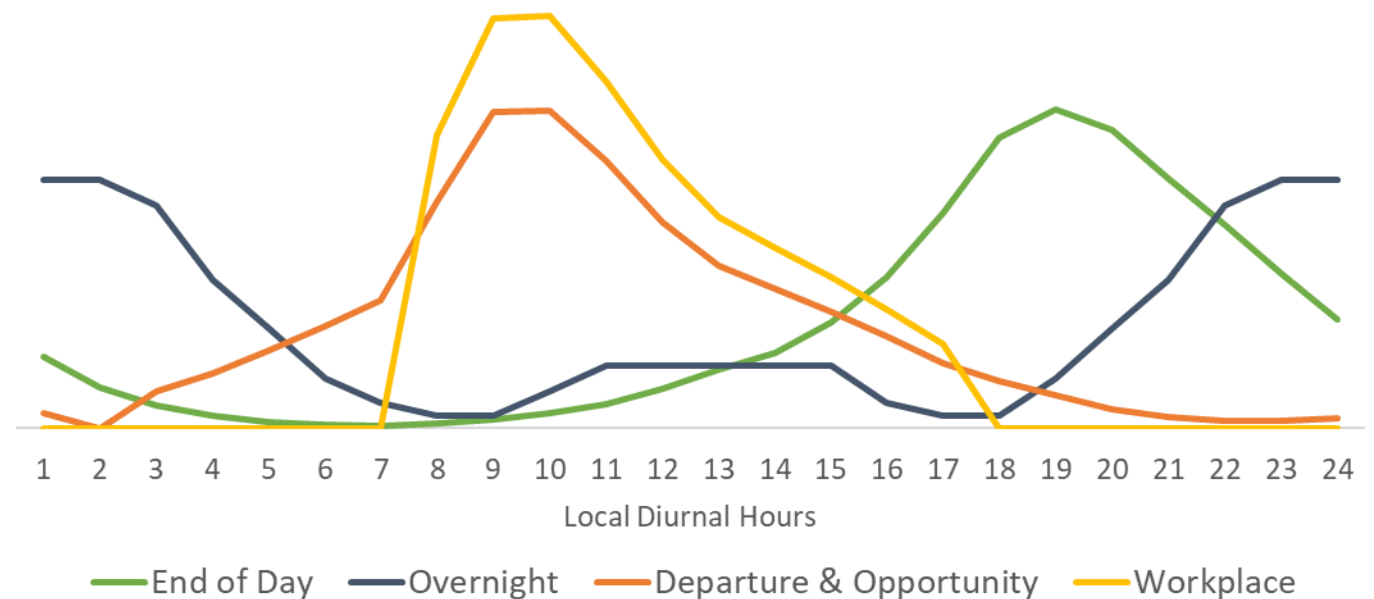
Source: Molar-Cruz, et al. (2024), "[Assessment of Buildings Sector Decarbonization Strategies in a Net-Zero Economy](#)" (EPRI, ID 3002030650)

REGEN Light Duty Vehicles Model

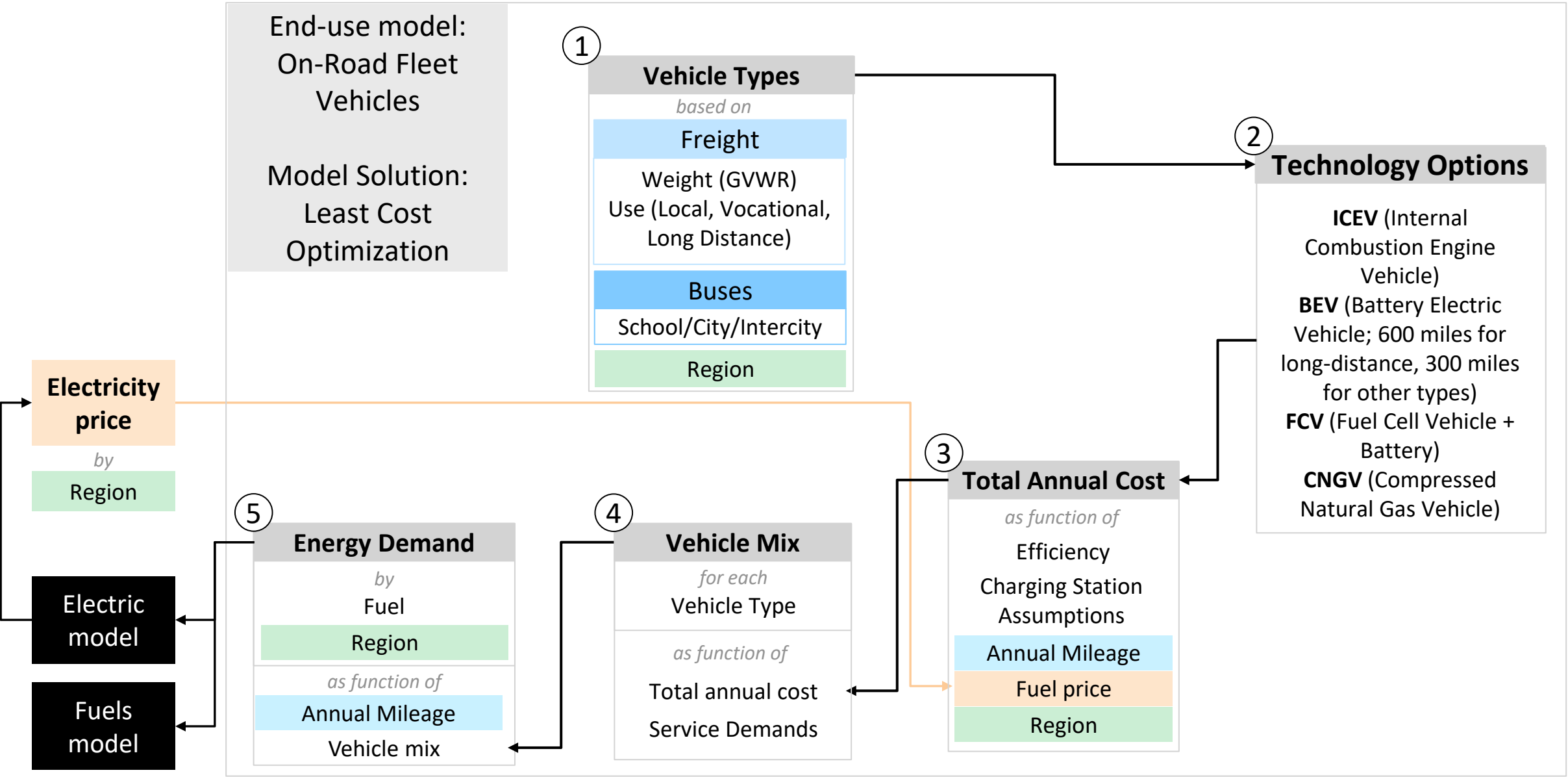


Default (Uncoordinated) Charging Profile for LDVs

- **Daily energy for charging** → Varies across structural classes, regions, and days based on annual vehicles miles traveled and temperature impact on charging efficiency
- **Allocation across exogenous diurnal profiles** →
 - End of Day
 - Overnight
 - Departure & Opportunity
 - Daytime



REGEN On-Road Fleet Vehicles Model



Charging Equipment Cost Assumptions

	Vehicles per Station	Charging Level / kW	Cost per station (\$000)	
Light-Duty	Single-Family Home with Home Charging	1 (2 for PHEV)	1 (1.5 for urban)	
	Multi-Family with On-Site Public Charging	1-4 (depends on BEV range and access to workplace charging)	3 (6 for urban)	
	Workplace Public Charging	1-4 (depends on BEV range and access to home charging)	3 (6 for urban)	
	Destination Public Charging	1-2 if no home/work 10 if home or work 20 if home and work	Level 2 / 6 kW	3 (6 for urban)
	Highway Fast Charging	30	Level 3 DC / 60 kW	24
MD/HD	Class 3 Truck Fleet Charging	2	Level 3 DC / 60 kW	40
	Class 4-6 Truck Fleet Charging	2	Level 3 DC / 100 kW	60
	School Bus Fleet Charging	3	Level 3 DC / 135 kW	75
	Class 7-8 Truck / Bus Fleet Charging	3	Level 3 DC / 250 kW	150

REGEN Non-Road Vehicles Model

Non-Road Fleet Vehicles Model Solution: Least-Cost Optimization

1

Categories

-  **Aviation**
(Long/Short Distance)
-  **International Shipping**
-  **Other Maritime**
(Freight/Passenger/Rec.)
-  **Rail**
(Freight/Commuter/ Intercity/Transit)
-  **Other Off-Road**
(Ag./Const./Mining/Military)

2

Technology Options

- Petroleum**
- Hydrogen**
- Ammonia**
- Electricity**
- Biofuels**
- Synthetic Fuels**

3

Total Annual Cost

as function of

- Efficiency
- Charging Station Assumptions
- Service Demand

Fuel price

Region

4

Technology Mix

For each

Category

as function of

- Total Annual Cost
- Service Demand

5

Energy Demand

by

Fuel

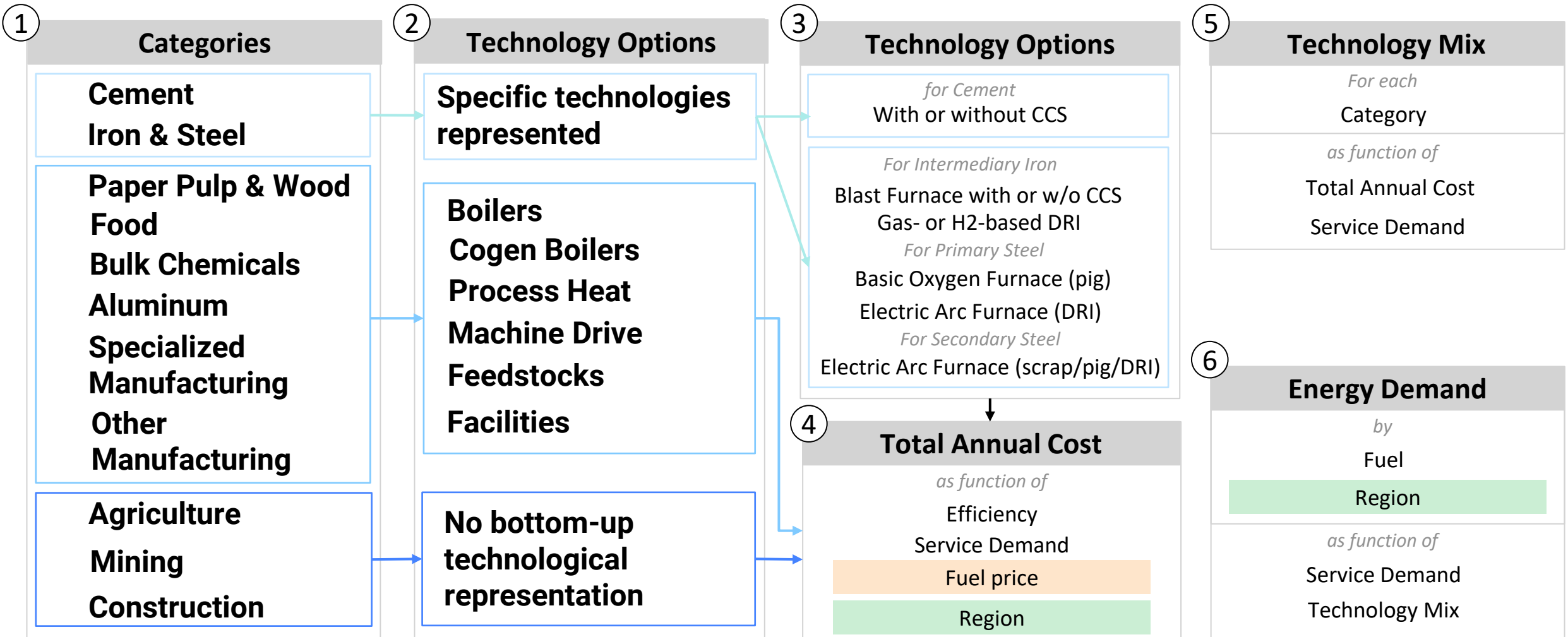
Region

as function of

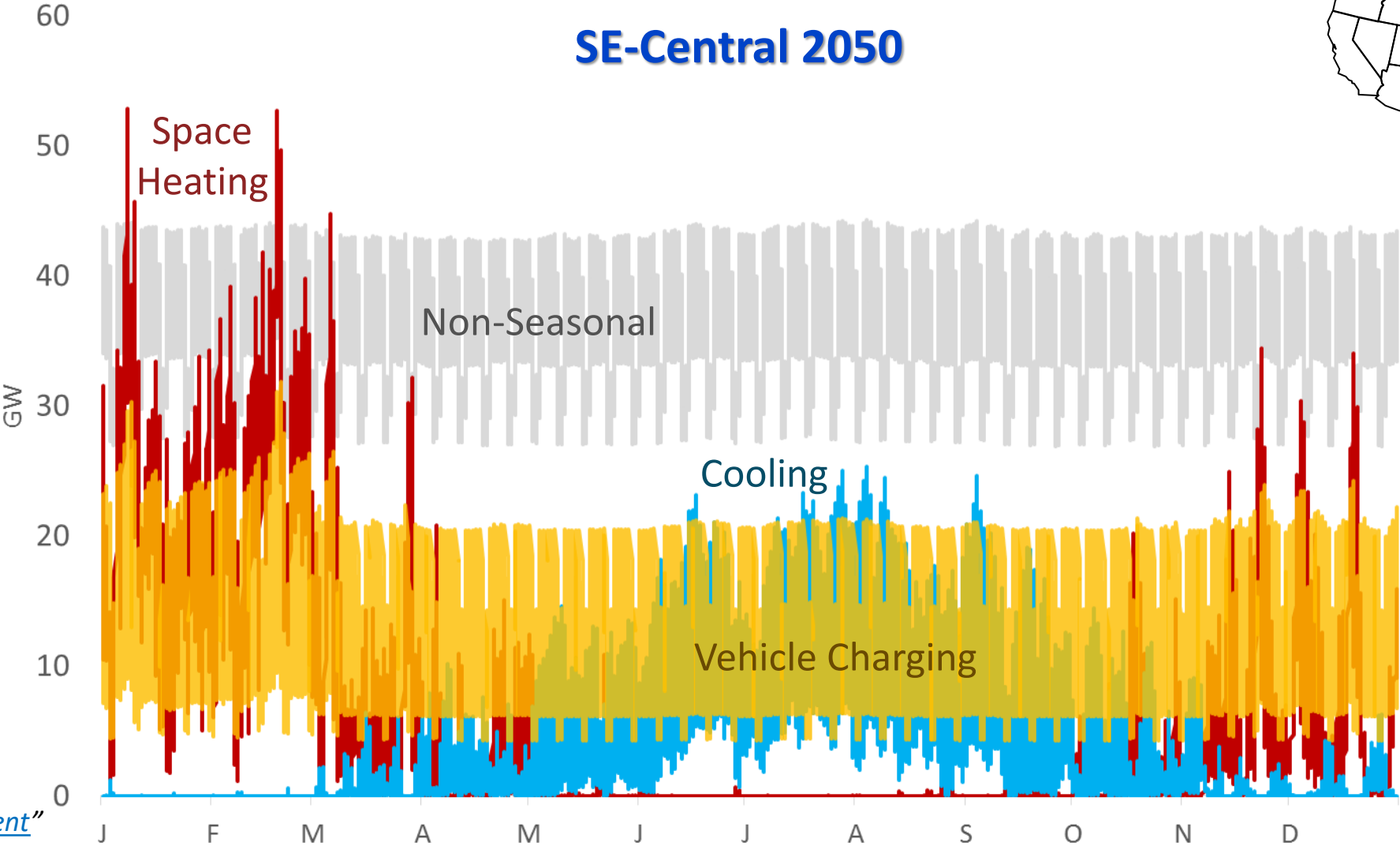
- Service Demand
- Technology Mix

REGEN Industry Model

Industry Model Solution: Least-Cost Optimization



REGEN Strength: Hourly Endogenous Load Projections

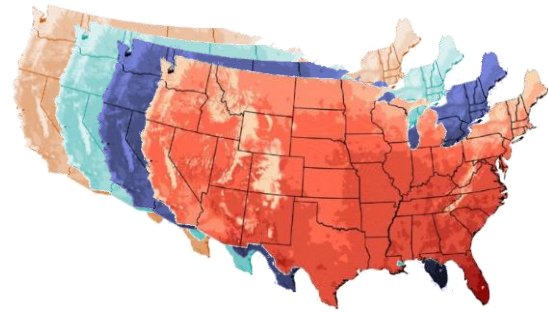


Source: EPRI (2018),
“U.S. National
Electrification Assessment”

REGEN projects how consumers invest and use energy hourly based on costs and fuel prices

Link to detailed load shape analysis [here](#)

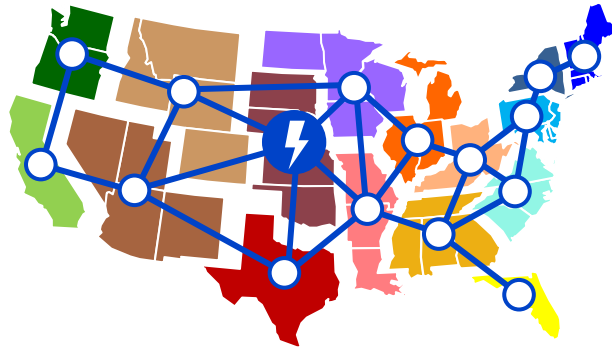
REGEN Strength: Future Climate Data and Impacts



**Multiple Weather Years
+ Warming Scenario**

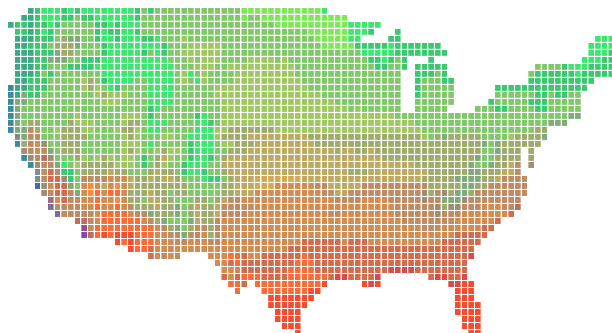
- REGEN builds in several climate impacts affecting supply and demand of electricity
- Scenario analysis can use different weather years and/or warming scenarios from the [National Climate Assessment](#)

**US-REGEN
Electric
Sector**



- Hourly wind and solar profiles
- Hourly air temperature
 - Solar PV efficiency loss
 - Thermal generator efficiency loss
 - Transmission line capacity loss

**US-REGEN
Energy Use**

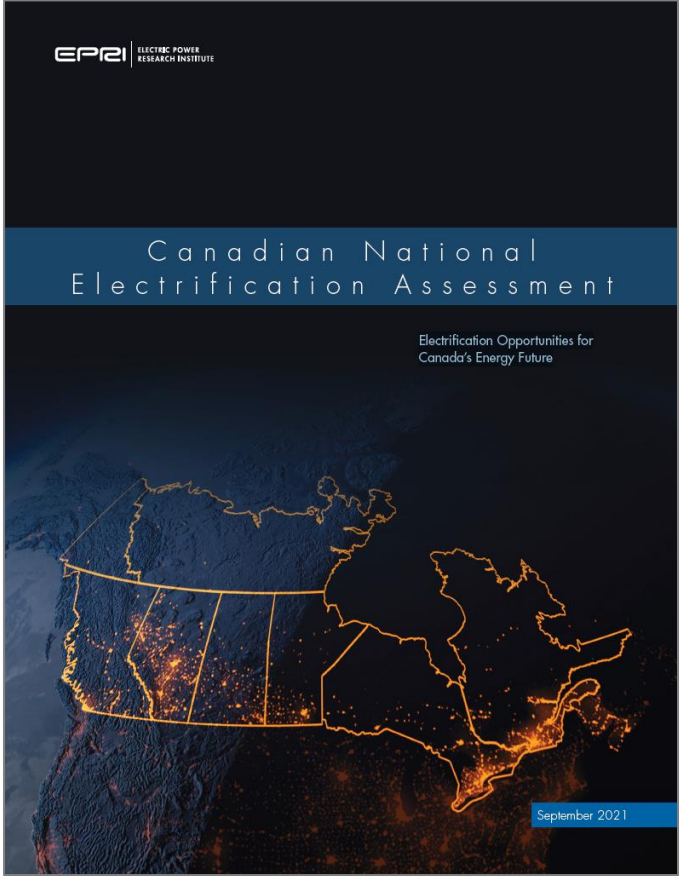


- Hourly air temperature
 - Bottom-up estimates of building heating/cooling load
 - Electric vehicles charging load

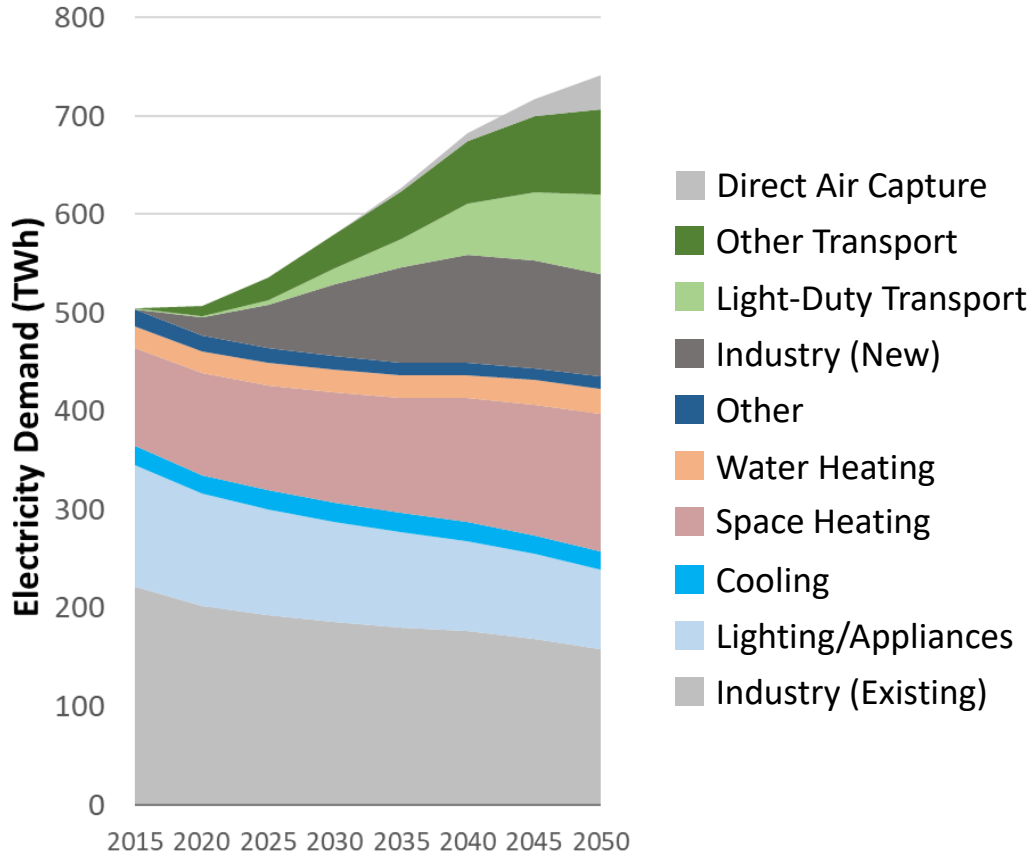
REGEN leverages EPRI weather and climate expertise to incorporate future climate impacts in scenarios

Use Case: 2021 Canadian National Electrification Study

Scenario analysis of current and potential future Canadian climate policies and their impact on electrification



Net Zero CO₂ Emissions by 2050 Scenario



<https://www.epri.com/research/products/000000003002021160> (English)

<https://www.epri.com/research/products/000000003002022642> (Français)

REGEN Representation of Fuels Supply



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REGEN Fuels Supply

Fuels Production, Conversion, and Transport Optimization Module with Regional Detail



Low-Carbon Fuels

Representation of low-carbon fuels, such as hydrogen, biofuels, ammonia, and synthetic fuels, many of which are not commercialized yet.



Integrated Fuel Supply and Conversion Pathways

Model co-optimizes over interdependent production and conversion technology pathways to find the least-cost fuel supply mix to meet end-use energy service demands.



Bioenergy Resource Curves

Bioenergy resource curves from FASOM land-use model inform cost and quantity of potential feedstock supply by region for biofuel pathways.



Fuel Delivery Infrastructure

Model accounts for infrastructure costs to move alternative fuels between production, conversion, storage, and delivery.



Link to REGEN documentation on the fuels supply model [here](#)

Fuel Conversion Investment Options in REGEN

- | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conventional SMR (using NG) ■ Biomass Gasification ■ Coal Gasification ■ Electrolysis | } | <i>With or without CCS</i> | Hydrogen Technologies |
| <i>PEM, Alkaline, High-temp steam</i> | | | |

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conventional Haber-Bosch (using NG) ■ Haber-Bosch with CCS ■ Haber-Bosch with H₂ input (incremental synthesis) | Ammonia Technologies |
|--|-----------------------------|

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|-----------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conventional Ethanol ■ Renewable NG from Waste Streams ■ Bio-based gasoline ■ Bio-based diesel ■ Bio-based jet fuel ■ Renewable NG from bio-gasification | } | <i>Limited Resource</i> | Biofuel Technologies |
| <i>Fischer-Tropsch</i> | } | <i>From cellulosic bio-feedstocks,
With or without CCS</i> | |

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Synthetic NG from H₂ and CO₂ (e.g. methanation) ■ Synthetic jet fuel from H₂ and CO₂ ■ Direct Air Capture | Synfuel Technologies |
|---|-----------------------------|



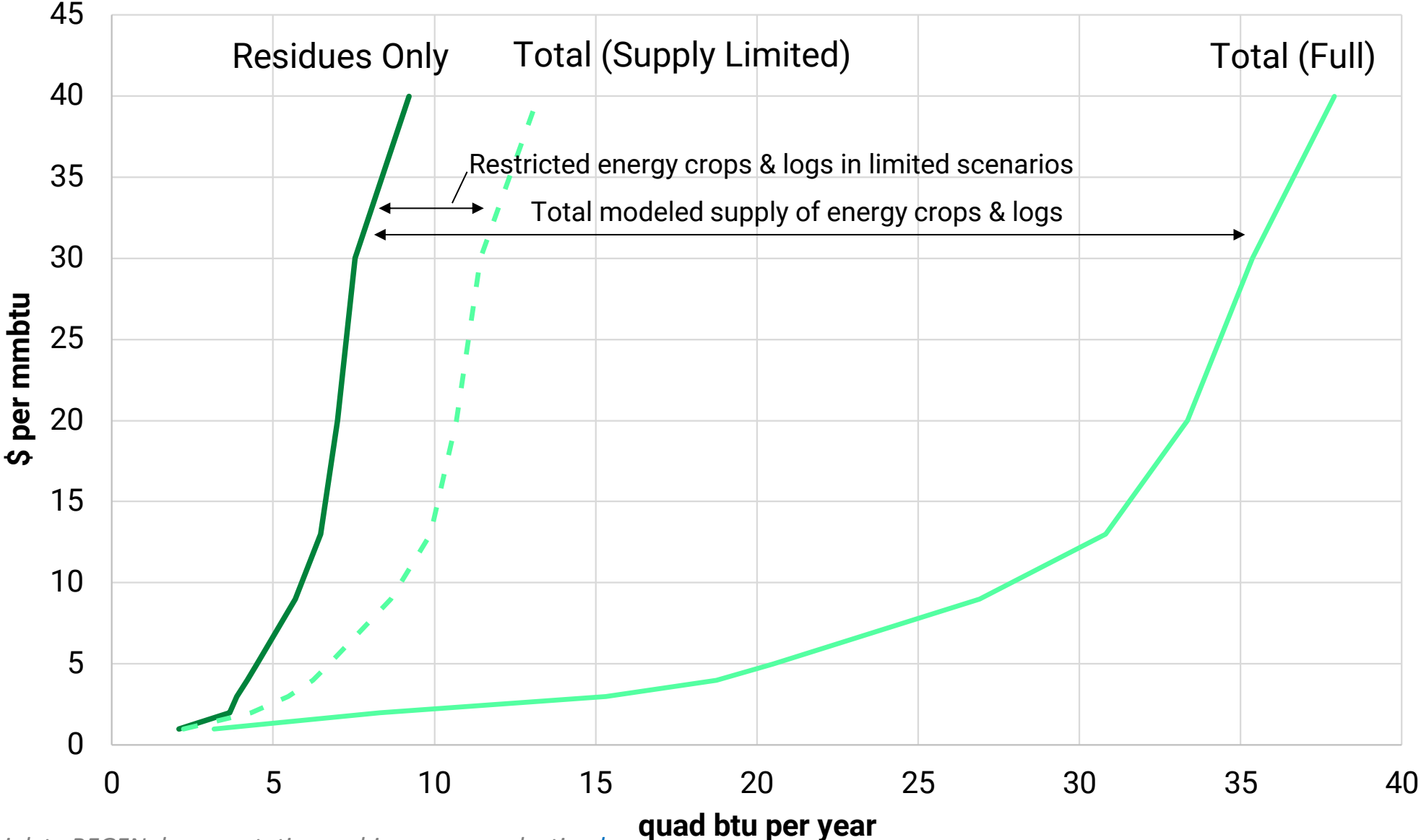
Other Technology Options Available in Selected Versions of REGEN

- Petroleum refining
- Coke ovens
- Solid biomass from feedstocks
- Retrofit ethanol with CCS
- Distributed hydrogen electrolysis
- Methanol production
- Ethylene production



New Inter-Regional CO₂/H₂ Pipeline, CO₂/H₂ Storage Capacity

Bioenergy Feedstock Supply Curves in 2050 (U.S. Total)



Crop Residues

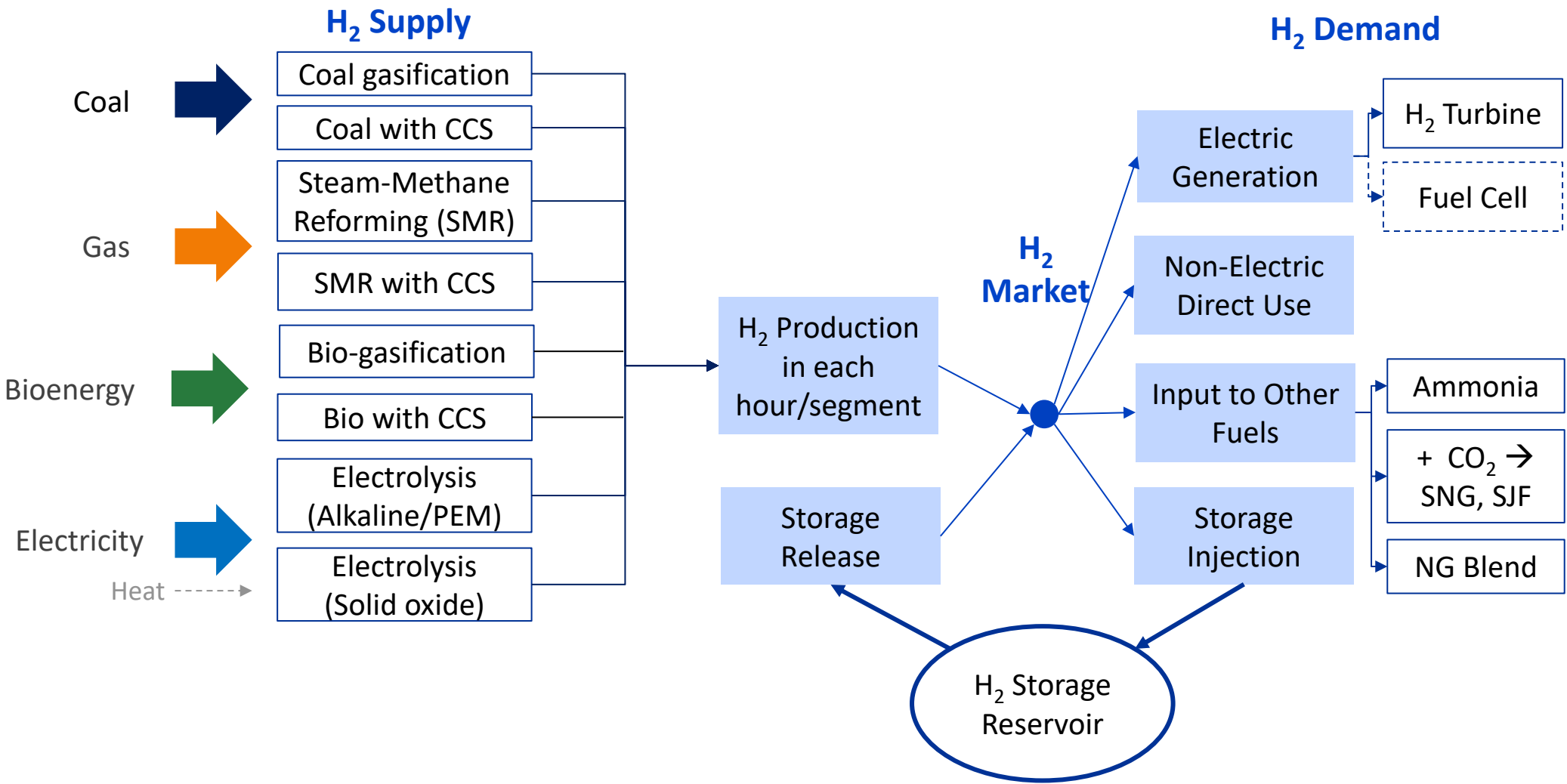


Giant Miscanthus



Link to REGEN documentation on bioenergy production [here](#)

REGEN Strength: Hydrogen Production & Use

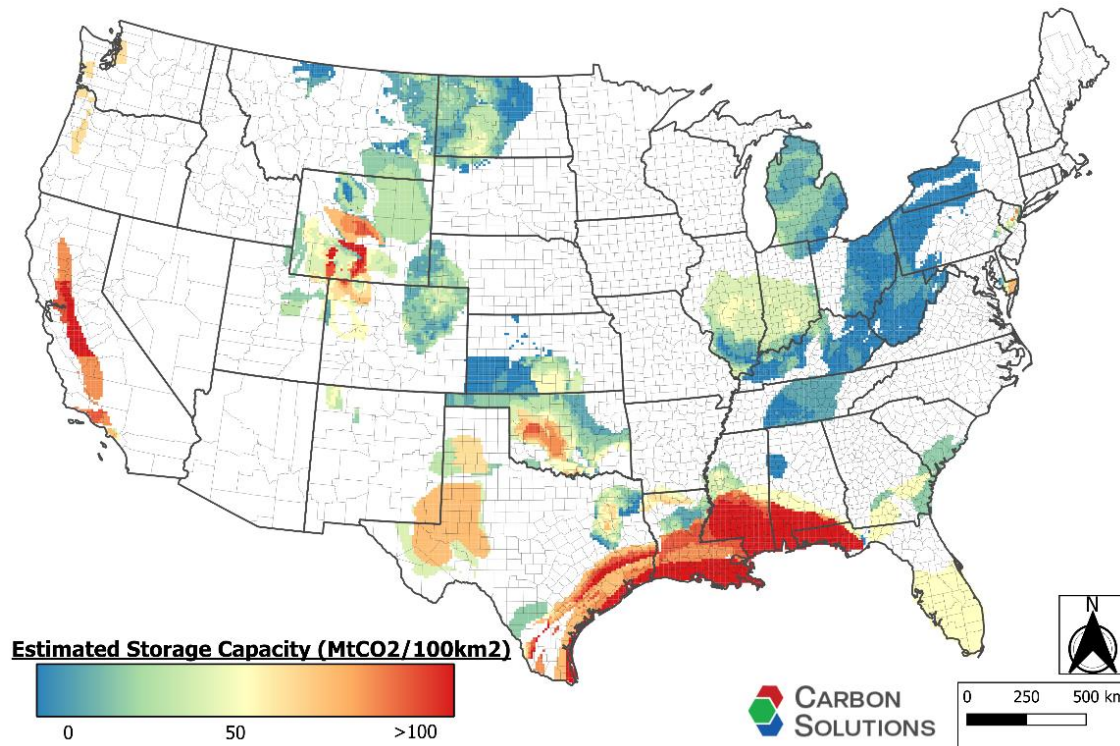


REGEN represents multiple hydrogen production and use pathways informed by EPRI LCRI research

Link to REGEN documentation on hydrogen production [here](#)

REGEN Strength: CO₂ Storage & Pipeline Modeling

CO₂ Storage Capacity: Reference Case



- REGEN can represent CO₂ storage and injection costs, and new CO₂ pipelines between model regions
- Costs and capacity based on a recent [LCRI study](#) with Carbon Solutions, with three scenarios to capture uncertainty related to formation thickness, porosity, and permeability
- Requires significant geological data and modeling

Leveraged recent EPRI LCRI research to understand cost and availability of CO₂ storage

Link to REGEN documentation on CO₂ storage [here](#)

Use Case: LCRI Net-Zero Report 2024

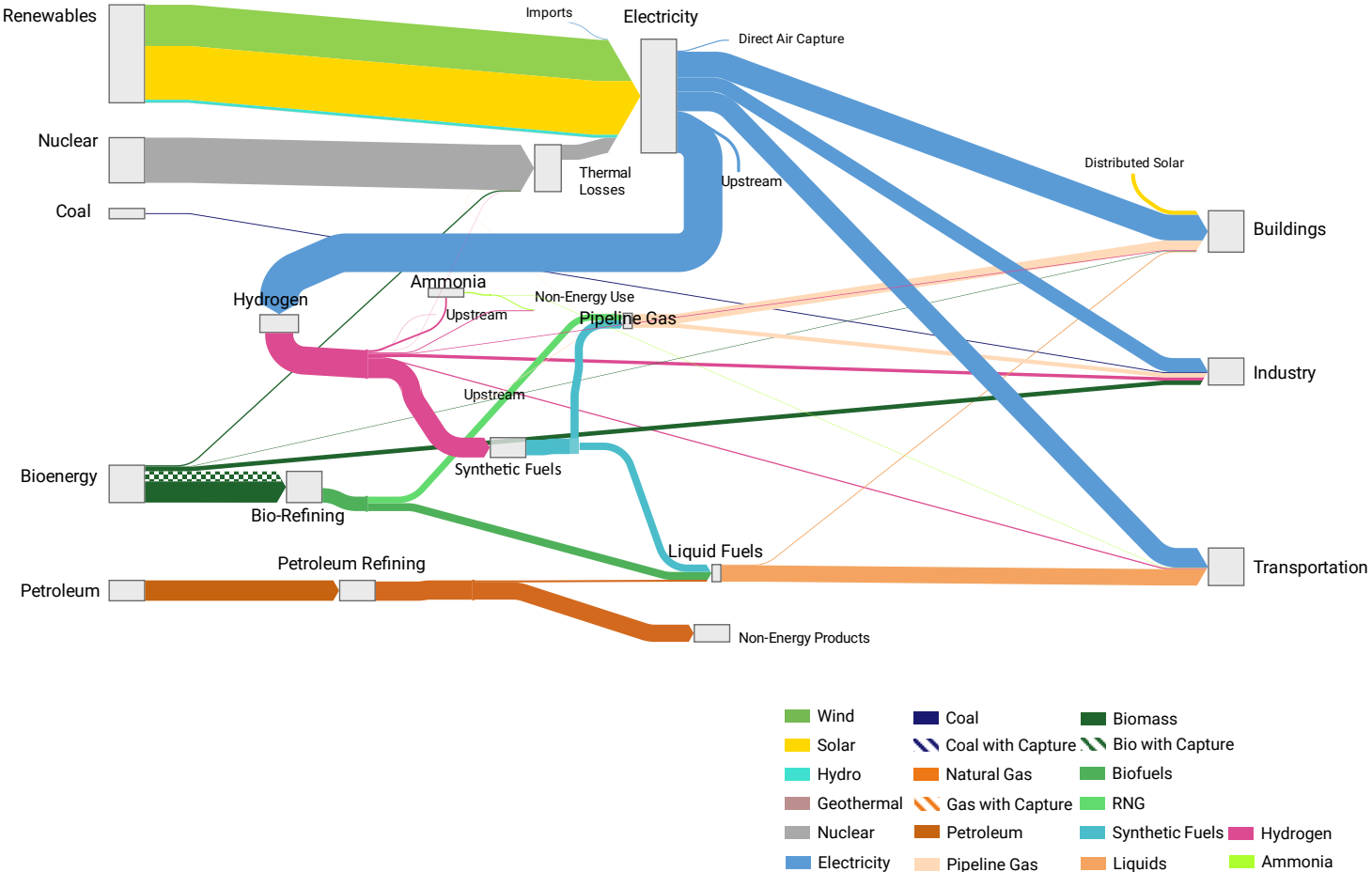
Scenario analysis of technological pathways to economy-wide net-zero emissions in the U.S, with sensitivities to nuclear costs, CCS costs, bioenergy supply, and natural gas prices

LCRI
LOW-CARBON
RESOURCES INITIATIVE

Net-Zero 2050: Sensitivity Analysis and Updated Scenarios

Building on the 2022 report, this 2024 update introduces Net-Zero Scenarios 2.0, including a broader range of technology sensitivity cases and an expanded set of drivers reflecting recent developments, including evolving policy incentives and regulations and emerging trends in data center electricity use.

- 2024 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
- 2024 MAIN REPORT
- 2024 REPORT DOWNLOAD
- 2022 REPORT



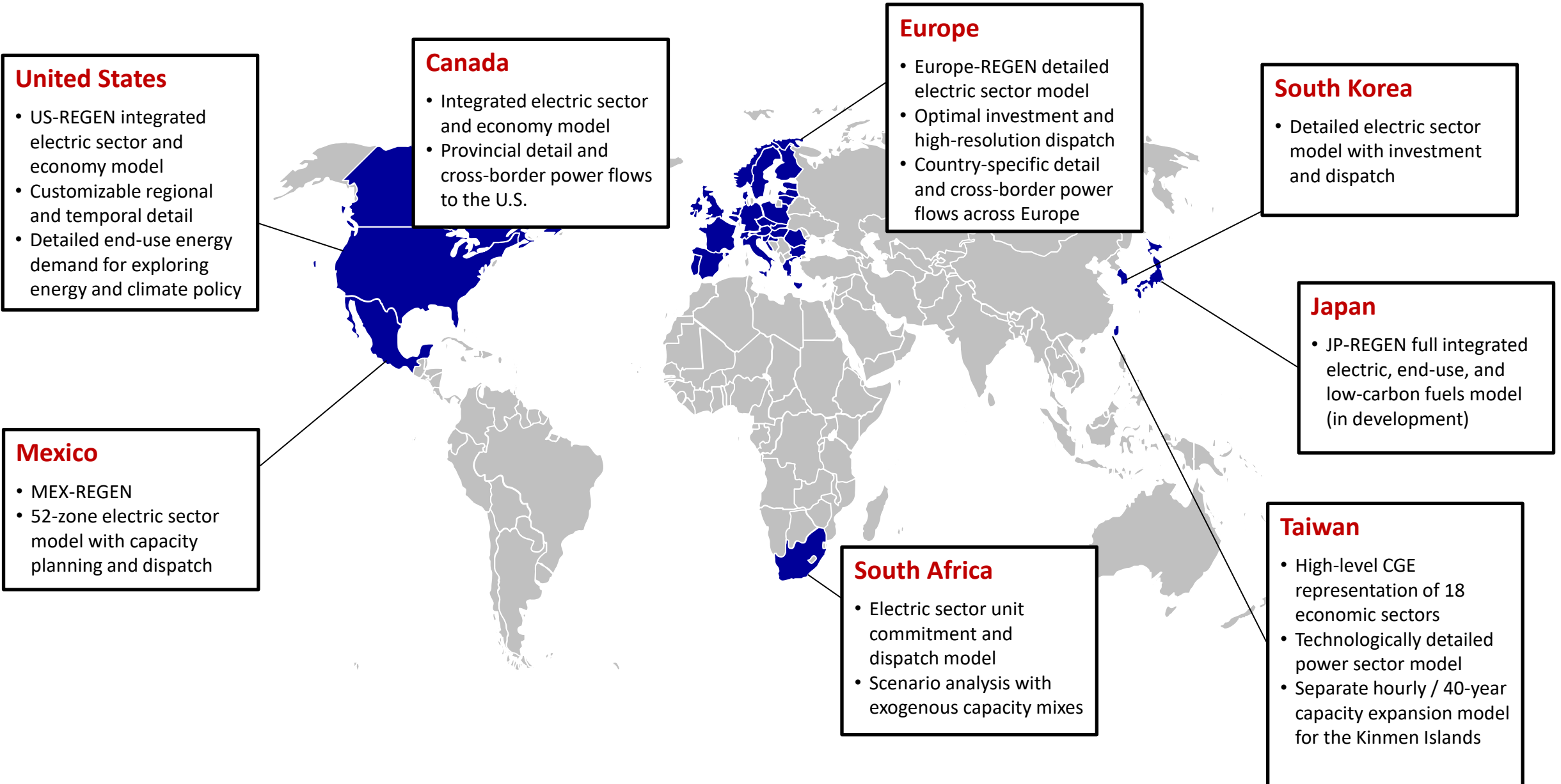
Source: Blanford, et al. (2024), “[LCRI U.S. Economy-Wide Deep Decarbonization Scenario Analysis](#)” (EPRI ID 3002031777)

International REGEN & Additional Resources



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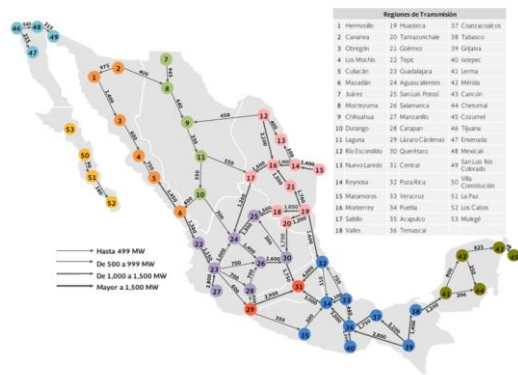
Global REGEN Energy-Economic Modeling Efforts



Every REGEN Model Is Customized to the Research Question

Mexico

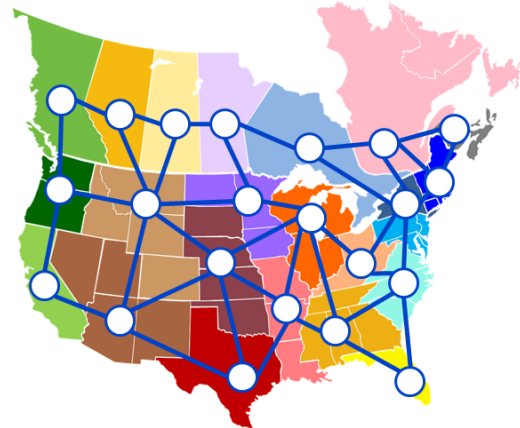
Assisting CFE strategy for decarbonization and renewable integration



- Electric model only
- 52 zones, 3-5 year steps to 2050
- Integration of renewables
- Value of natural gas
- Energy flows with the U.S.

Canada

Evaluating provincial and federal electrification opportunities and pathways to net-zero



- Electric and energy use model
- Canada provinces + 16 U.S. regions
- 5 year timesteps to 2050
- Climate zones, building types, end use technology detail
- Fuels model under construction

South Korea

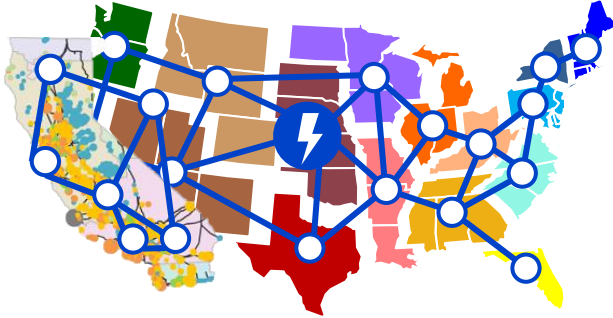
Evaluating the 9th & 10th Basic Plan for Meeting South Korea CO₂ Reduction Goals



- Electric model only
- 9 regions, 2 year steps to 2050
- Integration of renewables
- Low carbon technologies and storage

Coming Soon: Open-Source REGEN

California-REGEN



Expected: Q4 2025

EPRI is developing the California-REGEN electric sector model for use by the California Energy Commission and linking it to PLEXOS to help the CEC understand the reliability implications of deep decarbonization policies such as California SB100 (Clean Electricity Standard). The model will be publicly available c. Q4 2025 after CEC completes a report on the work.

US-REGEN

Electric/Fuels Model



Expected: Q2 2025

EPRI intends to make the full US-REGEN electric and fuels model open source in 2025, with user manual and updated documentation.

Other Resources

The screenshot shows the EPRI website's "Energy Systems and Climate Analysis" section. It features a navigation menu with "Models" highlighted. Under "Models", "US-REGEN" is selected. A large banner for "REGEN" is displayed, followed by the title "U.S. Regional Economy, Greenhouse Gas, and Energy (US-REGEN)". The main content area includes a detailed description of the model, a flow diagram showing the process from "Electric Generation" and "Energy Use" through "Fuel Supply/Conversion", and a list of "Highlighted Analysis" items such as "LCRI Net-Zero 2050: U.S. Economy-Wide Deep Decarbonization Scenario Analysis".

<https://esca.epri.com/usregen>

The screenshot shows the "US-REGEN Model Documentation" page. It features a navigation menu with "Home", "Model Structure and Approach", "Resource and Technology Assumptions", and "Bibliography". The main content area includes a "Welcome" section with a "Initial Release" announcement dated August 2, 2023. Below this is a "Energy Pathways" section with a diagram showing the flow from "PRIMARY ENERGY" (Renewable Resources, Nuclear Fuel, Fossil Fuels, Biomass) through "CONVERSION" (Electricity Generation, Hydrogen Production, Ammonia & Fuel Synthesis, Refining, Biorefining) to "DELIVERY & STORAGE" (Electricity Delivery & Storage, Fuel Delivery & Storage) and finally to "END USE" (Buildings, Industry, Transportation). The diagram also includes "CO2 MANAGEMENT" options like "Natural Climate Solutions", "Direct Air Capture", and "Transport & Storage".

<https://us-regen-docs.epri.com/>

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- Members of P178 and P201
- Members of the LCRI and Climate READi initiatives
- EPRI subject matter experts
- Participants in the [Energy Modeling Forum](#) and other multi-model comparison projects

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